

Electrostatic Charge Sensor

Product Number: ENCRG261



Overview

The Electrostatic Charge sensor is a dual range, all-purpose sensor that can be used in many electrostatic experiments. It is not affected by humidity and can perform quantitative measurements and indicate charge polarity making it superior to the traditional electroscope.

The Charge sensor can be connected to all types of einstein[™] data loggers. It can be used for various Physics experiments.

Typical experiments



Electricity and Magnetic Fields

- Measuring the charge produced by friction
- Measuring the charge produced by induction
- Investigating conductive and isolating materials
- Quantifying the charge on a capacitor plate
- Investigating how wave patterns change when the amplitude and the frequency are changed
- Exploring the relationship between the charge and voltage drops across a parallel plate capacitor

How it works

The Charge sensor is a voltage amplifier with a very high input resistance. A capacitor is connected to the amplifier input. The applied charge charges the input capacitor, causing a voltage drop. The voltage is amplified and adjusted to the range of 0-3 Volts, which is the range accepted by the Analog-Digital converter. The proper result is then recorded and displayed.

Sensor specification

Pango	±250 nC			
Range:	±25 nC			
Possilution (12 hit)	0.12 nC for ±0.25 μC			
esolution (12-bit)::	12.2 pC for ±0.025 μC			
Input Capacitance:	180nF			
Input Resistance:	Infinite (few gΩ)			
Input Over Voltage Protection:	±50 V			

Note: sensor cables sold separately

Technical Notes

- **Warning** extreme caution should be taken when experimenting with electricity. These experiments should only be conducted in the presence of a teacher or supervisor
- Warning Keep all liquids away from any electricity experiments
- Warning This sensor is designed for up to 50 volts, never use for higher voltages
- Warning This sensor is not designed to measure line voltage. Never connect this sensor to a wall socket

Calibration Calibration – MiLAB™

Set Zero Calibration

- 1. Tap the Settings button next to the sensor's name
- 2. Flip the Set as Zero switch to set the current value as the zero or base value.

r					-250.0 - 250.0 nC
	*	Charge / Por	1	Sensor range:	-25.0 - 25.0 nC
			Charge -25.0 to 25.0 (nC) 0.077		Set as Zero OFF

Calibration – MiLAB[™] Desktop

Set Zero Calibration

In the Current Reading column, click Set set to set the current value as the zero or base value. Reset cancels this action

Equipment List

Charge sensor

Technical Notes

Due to the sensor's high sensitivity, use of a shielded BNC/alligator cable connecting the sensor to the charge under test is recommended.

Data logging and analysis

MiLAB™

- 1. Take your einstein[™] Tablet OR pair your einstein[™]LabMate[™] with your Android or iOS tablet via Bluetooth
- 2. Insert the sensor cable into one of the sensor ports
- 3. Launch MiLAB
- 4. In Launcher View, tap the box marked Electrostatic Charge
- 5. Make sure the icon next to the sensor is checked (📀) to enable it for logging



6. Tap the Setup button to calibrate or change the sensor's range

MiLAB™ Desktop

- Pair your einstein[™]LabMate[™] with your PC, MAC, or Linux machine via Bluetooth, or connect it via the USB cable (found in the einstein[™]LabMate[™] box).
- 2. Insert the sensor cable into one of the sensor ports
- 3. Launch MiLAB
- 4. Electrostatic sensor should be selected

Current Setup Summary	
🭐 🔳 Temperature	*
🥝 🖻 Pressure	*
🜔 🔲 Humidity 5%	*
🧼 📃 Light-600	*
🤎 🗏 Heart rate	*
🚈 🗵 Electrostatic Charge	*
Electrostatic Charge (ppm)	× -
Sampling rate: 10 sam	ples per second
Duration: 50 seco	onds
Full Setup >>	

5. Click Full Setup, located at the bottom of the Current Setup Summary window to program the data logger's range, sample rate, number of samples, units of measurement, and other options.

ort	Name	Range	Icon	Measurements		Color	Plot	Scale	Current Reading	Trigger	Calibrate
5	Light-600	0-600lx 💌		Light-600 (ix)	Set >		 •	Auto 💌	9.817 (lx)	•	Set
6	Heart rate	0 - 200bpm	Ő	Heart rate (bpm)	Set >			Auto 💌	0.849 (bpm) 🖋 Set		Set
7	Electrostatic Charge	±25nC ▼	2	Electrostatic Charge (ppm)	Set >			Auto 🔻	2.730 (ppm)	•	Set
amplir ate	g	Manual Every hour		v							
Samples 200 Duration 3 minutes 20 seconds		•									
Axis		Sample		•							

6. Click the Run button () on the main toolbar to start logging

An Example of using the Electrostatic Charge Sensor

Measuring the Charge and Voltage Drop Across a Parallel Plate Capacitor

Note: the measured capacitor should be at the range of $^{\sim}\text{pF}$ or less.

When a parallel plate capacitor is connected to a power supply, the surfaces of the plates are charged with equal and opposite charges. The charge on each plate is proportional to the applied voltage. The graph in Figure 1 below shows this relationship:

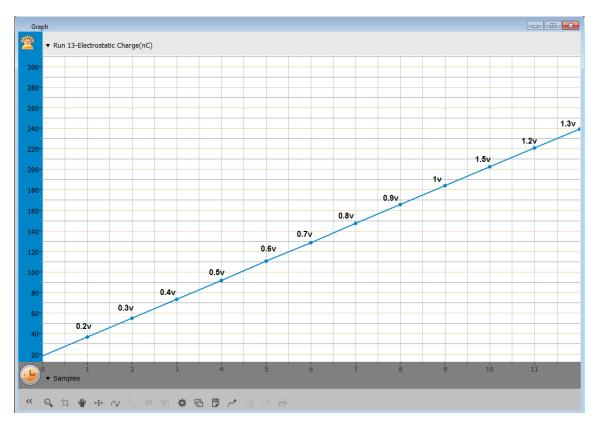


Figure 1: Relationship between charge and voltage drop across a parallel plate capacitor

Troubleshooting

If the Electrostatic Charge sensor isn't automatically recognized by MiLAB, please contact Fourier Education's technical support.

Technical support

For technical support, you can contact the Fourier Education's technical support team at: Web: <u>www.einsteinworld.com/support</u> Email: <u>support@fourieredu.com</u>

Copyright and Warranty

All standard Fourier Systems sensors carry a one (1) year warranty, which states that for a period of twelve months after the date of delivery to you, it will be substantially free from significant defects in materials and workmanship.

This warranty does not cover breakage of the product caused by misuse or abuse.

This warranty does not cover Fourier Systems consumables such as electrodes, batteries, EKG stickers, cuvettes and storage solutions or buffers.

